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British breed of dog

This article is about the English Bulldog.

For other uses, see Bulldog (disambiguation)Dog breed

The Bulldog is a British breed of dog of mastiff type.

It may also be known as the English Bulldog or British Bulldog.

It is a medium-sized, muscular dog of around 40–55 lb (18–25 kg).

They have large heads with thick folds of skin around the face and shoulders, and a relatively flat face with a protruding lower jaw.

The breed has significant health issues as a consequence of breeding for its distinctive appearance, including brachycephalia, hip dysplasia, heat sensitivity, and skin infections.

Due to concerns about their quality of life, breeding Bulldogs is illegal in Norway and the Netherlands.

The modern Bulldog was bred as a companion dog from the Old English Bulldog, a now-extinct breed used for bull-baiting, when the sport was outlawed in England under the Cruelty to Animals Act.

The Bulldog Club (In England) was formed in 1878, and the Bulldog Club of America was formed in 1890.

While often used as a symbol of ferocity and courage, modern Bulldogs are generally friendly, amiable dogs.

Bulldogs are now commonly kept as pets; in 2013 it was in twelfth place on a list of the breeds most frequently registered worldwide.[4]History [edit]

Painting of a Bulldog from 1790 by English artist Philip Reinagle.

The first reference to the word "Bulldog" is dated 1631 or 1632 in a letter by a man named Preswick Eaton where he writes: "procuer mee two good Bulldogs, and let them be sent by ye first shipp".

[5] In 1666, English scientist Christopher Merret applied: "Canis pugnax, a Butchers Bull or Bear Dog", as an entry in his *Pinax Rerum Naturalium Britannicarum*. [6]

The designation "bull" was applied because of the dog's use in the sport of bull-baiting.

This entailed the setting of dogs (after placing wagers on each dog) onto a tethered bull.

The dog that grabbed the bull by the nose and pinned it to the ground would be the victor.

It was common for a bull to maim or kill several dogs at such an event, either by goring, tossing, or trampling over them.

Over the centuries, dogs used for bull-baiting developed the stocky bodies and massive heads and jaws that typify the breed, as well as a ferocious and savage temperament.

Bull-baiting was made illegal in England by the Cruelty to Animals Act 1835.

[7] Therefore, the Old English Bulldog had outlived its usefulness in England as a sporting animal and its "working" days were numbered.

However, emigrants did have a use for such dogs in the New World.

In mid-17th century New York, Bulldogs were used as a part of a citywide roundup effort led by Governor Richard Nicolls.

Because cornering and leading wild bulls was dangerous, Bulldogs were trained to seize a bull by its nose long enough for a rope to be secured around its neck. [8]

Bulldogs as pets were continually promoted by dog dealer Bill George. [9]

In 1864, a group of Bulldog breeders under R.S.

Rockstro founded the first Bulldog Club.

Three years after its opening the Club ceased to exist, not having organized a single show.

The main achievement of the Rockstro Bulldog Club was a detailed description of the Bulldog, known as the Philo-Kuan Standard.

Samuel Wickens, treasurer of the club, published this description in 1865 under the pseudonym Philo-Kuan. [10]

On 4 April 1873, The Kennel Club was founded, the first dog breeding club dealing with the registration of purebred dogs and dog breeds.

[11] Bulldogs were included in the first volume of the Kennel Club Stud Book, which was presented at the Birmingham Show on 1 December 1874.

The first English Bulldog entered into the register was a male dog named Adam (Adamo), born in 1864.

[12] Bulldog from 1915

In March 1875, the third Bulldog Club was founded, which still exists today.

[13][14] Members of this club met frequently at the Blue Post pub on Oxford Street in London.

The founders of the club collected all available information about the breed and its best representatives and developed a new standard for the English Bulldog, which was published on 27 May 1875, the same year they held the first breed show.

Since 1878, exhibitions of the club were held annually, except during the Second World War.

On 17 May 1894, the Bulldog Club was granted the status of a corporation and since then has carried the official name "The Bulldog Club, Inc."

It is the oldest mono-breed dog kennel club in the world. [15]

The Bulldog was officially recognized by the American Kennel Club in 1886. [16]

In 1894 the two top Bulldogs, King Orry and Dock Leaf, competed in a contest to see which dog could walk 20 miles (32 km).

King Orry was reminiscent of the original Bulldogs, lighter boned and very athletic.

Dock Leaf was smaller and heavier set, more like modern Bulldogs.

King Orry was declared the winner that year, finishing the 20-mile (32 km) walk while Dock Leaf collapsed and expired.

[17] Though today Bulldogs look tough, they cannot perform the job they were originally bred for,

as they cannot withstand the rigors of running after and being thrown by a bull, and also cannot grip with such a short muzzle.

Although not as physically capable as their ancestors, modern Bulldogs are much calmer and less aggressive.[18]

Description [edit]Appearance [edit]

A 4-year-old Bulldog of Champion bloodlines, side view.

Note the "rope" over the nose, and pronounced underbite

Bulldogs have characteristically wide heads and shoulders along with a pronounced mandibular prognathism.

There are generally thick folds of skin on the brow; round, black, wide-set eyes; a short muzzle with characteristic folds called a rope or nose roll above the nose; hanging skin under the neck; drooping lips and pointed teeth, and an underbite with an upturned jaw.

The coat is short, flat, and sleek with colours of red, fawn, white, brindle, and piebald.

[16] They have short tails that can either hang down straight or be tucked in a coiled "corkscrew" into a tail pocket.

In the United Kingdom, the breed standards are 55 lb (25 kg) for a male and 50 lb (23 kg) for a female.

[19] In the United States, the standard calls for a smaller dog - a typical mature male weighs 50 lb (23 kg), while mature females weigh about 40 lb (18 kg).[20]

Temperament [edit]

Six-month-old Bulldog puppy from AKC Champion bloodlines

According to the American Kennel Club (AKC), a Bulldog's disposition should be "equable and kind, resolute, and courageous (not vicious or aggressive), and demeanor should be pacifist and dignified.

These attributes should be countenanced by the expression and behavior".[21]

Breeders have worked to remove aggression from the breed.

[16] Most have a friendly, patient, but stubborn nature.

Bulldogs are recognized as excellent family pets because of their tendency to form strong bonds with children.

[16] Generally, Bulldogs are known for getting along well with children, other dogs, and other pets.

[22][23]Health [edit]Lifespan [edit]

Despite slow maturation so that growing up is rarely achieved by two and a half years, Bulldogs' lives are relatively short.

At five to six years old, they start to show signs of aging.

[citation needed] A 2004 UK survey of 180 Bulldog deaths puts the median age at death at 6 years 3 months.

The leading cause of death of Bulldogs in the survey was cardiac related (20%), cancer (18%), and old age (9%).

Those that died of old age had an average lifespan of 10 to 11 years.

[2] A 2013 UK vet clinic survey of 26 Bulldogs puts the median lifespan at 8.

4 years with an interquartile range of 3.2–11.3 years.

[3] The UK Bulldog Breed Council website lists the average life span of the breed as 8–10 years.[24]

Breed-linked disorders [edit]

Evolution of brachycephalia in Bulldogs.

Left to right, the skulls are from approximately the 1910s, 1960s, and 1980s.

A study by the Royal Veterinary College found that Bulldogs are a much less healthy breed than average, with over twice the odds of being diagnosed with at least one of the common dog disorders investigated in the study.[25]

The English Bulldog is among the breeds that are most severely affected by brachycephalic airway obstructive syndrome, due to extreme brachycephalia (shortened snout), a large tongue and palate, and other morphological issues.

[26][27] Like all brachycephalic dogs, bully breeds often suffer from brachycephalic airway

obstructive syndrome (BAOS).

A degree of BOAS has been normalized in the breed, as an inevitable consequence of their distinctive face.

[26] The condition manifests in a variety of ways, often in the form of intolerance to heat and physical exertion.

Since dogs regulate heat primarily by panting, Bulldogs are very sensitive to heat; they may actually gain rather than lose heat due to their inefficient breathing, leading to a vicious cycle. Bulldogs must be given plenty of shade and water, and must be kept out of standing heat.

[16][28] They can even die from hyperthermia.

[16] Bulldogs can be heavy breathers and tend to be loud snorers with interrupted sleep; another indicator of brachycephalic airway obstructive syndrome.

[29] Many airlines ban the breed from flying in the cargo hold due to a high rate of deaths from air pressure interacting poorly with their breathing problems.[30]

Statistics from the Orthopedic Foundation for Animals indicate that of the 467 Bulldogs tested between 1979 and 2009 (30 years), 73.

9% were affected by hip dysplasia, the highest amongst all breeds.

[31] Similarly, the breed has the worst score in the British Veterinary Association/Kennel Club Hip Dysplasia scoring scheme, although only 22 Bulldogs were tested in the scheme.

[32] Patellar luxation affects 2.9% of Bulldogs.[33]

Like all dogs, Bulldogs require daily exercise, which is often made difficult due to their breathing problems, hip dysplasia, and other health issues.

If not properly exercised it is possible for a Bulldog to become overweight, which could lead to heart and lung problems, as well as stress on the joints.[34]

Some individuals of this breed are prone to interdigital cysts-cysts that form between the toes. These cause the dog some discomfort, but are treatable either by vet or an experienced owner. Other problems can include cherry eye, a protrusion of the inner eyelid (which can be corrected by a veterinarian), allergies, and hip issues in older Bulldogs.

[citation needed] The folds, or "rope", on a Bulldog's face should be cleaned daily to avoid infections caused by moisture accumulation.

[35] Some Bulldogs' naturally curling tails can be so tight to the body as to require regular cleaning and ointment.

Due to the high volume of skin folds on the Bulldog's body, they have high prevalence of skin-fold dermatitis.[36]

Over 80% of Bulldog litters are delivered by Caesarean section because their characteristically large heads can become lodged in the mother's birth canal and to avoid potential breathing problems for the mother during labor.[37][38]

Controversies and legal status [edit]

In January 2009, after the BBC documentary Pedigree Dogs Exposed, The Kennel Club introduced revised breed standards for the British Bulldog, along with 209 other breeds, to address health concerns.

Opposed by the British Bulldog Breed Council, it was speculated by the press that the changes would lead to a smaller head, fewer skin folds, a longer muzzle, and a taller thinner posture, in order to combat problems with respiration and breeding due to head size and width of shoulders.

[39] In 2019 the Dutch Kennel Club implemented some breeding rules to improve the health of the Bulldog.

Among these is a fitness test where the dog has to walk 1 km (0.62 miles) in 12 minutes.

Its temperature and heart rate has to recover after 15 minutes.[40]

In 2014, the Dutch government forbade breeding of dogs with a snout shorter than a third of the skull, including Bulldogs, a law which it began enforcing in 2019.

[41] In 2022, the Oslo District Court made a ruling that banned the breeding of Bulldogs in Norway due to their propensity for developing health problems.

In its verdict the court judged that no dog of this breed could be considered healthy, therefore

using them for breeding would be a violation of Norway's Animal Welfare Act.[42][43]

Cultural significance [edit]

Chesty XIII, Marine Corps mascot

Bulldogs are often associated with determination, strength, and courage due to their historical occupation, though the modern-day dog is bred for appearance and friendliness and not suited for significant physical exertion.

They are often used as mascots by universities, sports team, and other organizations.

Some of the better known Bulldog mascots include Butler's Blue IV, Yale's Handsome Dan, the University of Georgia's Uga, Mississippi State's Bully, and United States Marine Corps' Chesty.[34][44]

The Bulldog originated in England and has a longstanding association with British culture; the BBC wrote: "to many the Bulldog is a national icon, symbolising pluck and determination".

[45] During the Second World War, the Prime Minister Winston Churchill was likened to a Bulldog for his defiance of Nazi Germany.

[46]See also [edit]

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Primeiro-ministro Narendra Modi da Índia se reunirá com o Presidente Vladimir V. Putin da Rússia

A visita do Primeiro-ministro Narendra Modi da Índia ao Presidente Vladimir V. Putin da Rússia esta semana sinaliza a determinação do líder indiano bullsbet é seguro seguir o seu próprio caminho diplomático, enquanto o Ocidente continua a isolar Moscou pela guerra da Ucrânia.

Para Putin, a visita de Modi será uma maneira de demonstrar que a Rússia continua a ter uma forte parceria com a Índia, mesmo que a sexta maior economia do mundo tenha fortalecido suas relações com os Estados Unidos. As compras de petróleo russos à preços descontados têm ajudado a encher as caixas da Rússia esgotadas pelas sanções internacionais sobre a guerra, e a Rússia tem procurado apresentar a Índia como parceira na reformulação da ordem mundial dominada pelo Ocidente.

Espera-se que Modi chegue a Moscou no próximo lundí e participe de uma jantar hospedado por Putin. Os dois líderes estão previstos para discutir comércio, energia e laços militares quando sentarem para falar bullsbet é seguro terça-feira.

Compra de petróleo russo e parceria nuclear

A nação do sul da Ásia tornou-se um grande comprador de petróleo russo barato bullsbet é seguro um momento bullsbet é seguro que as sanções dos países ocidentais limitavam o que a Rússia podia vender ou cobrar pelo produto bullsbet é seguro mercados internacionais. A Índia está construindo enormes usinas nucleares de energia com assistência técnica da Rússia. A Rússia também é o maior fornecedor de armas da Índia, tornando a relação fundamental para a Índia, que historicamente teve que defender suas fronteiras contra a China.

Reunião bullsbet é seguro Moscou e summit da OTAN

A reunião bullsbet é seguro Moscou bullsbet é seguro terça-feira coincidirá com o primeiro dia de uma cimeira de alto nível da OTAN bullsbet é seguro Washington. Durante a cimeira da OTAN, os aliados ocidentais devem anunciar sistemas de defesa aérea adicionais para a Ucrânia e oferecer garantias de compromisso de longo prazo com a segurança de Kyiv.

Índia e a Rússia: parceria estratégica

Falando a jornalistas bullsbet é seguro Nova Delhi antes da viagem de Modi, oficiais indianos disseram que a cimeira entre Modi e Putin era de "grande importância", mas enfatizaram que as relações com a Rússia não estavam direcionadas a nenhuma terceira parte. Eles também tentaram minimizar a importância da reunião.

Rússia e seus parceiros globais

Em quase dois anos e meio desde que lançou bullsbet é seguro invasão bullsbet é seguro larga escala da Ucrânia, Putin tentou duplicar seus relacionamentos com líderes globais fora do Ocidente, à medida que persegue o que chama de "ordem mundial multipolar" livre da dominação singular americana.

Índia e os Estados Unidos: equilíbrio de relações

Para Modi, a reunião é uma oportunidade para sinalizar a determinação da Índia bullsbet é seguro traçar seu próprio caminho na política externa. A Índia, que precisa tanto dos Estados Unidos quanto da Rússia para contrabalançar a China, constantemente tenta equilibrar suas relações entre Washington e Moscou. Embora tenha reforçado suas ligações com Washington, a Índia se recusou a denunciar publicamente a Rússia sobre a Ucrânia, apesar da pressão dos Estados Unidos para fazê-lo.

Preocupações dos Estados Unidos

Oficiais americanos expressaram preocupação bullsbet é seguro fornecer equipamentos e tecnologia sensível à Índia se houver risco de que o poder militar russo possa ter acesso a eles. Kurt Campbell, o subsecretário de Estado dos EUA, disse recentemente bullsbet é seguro Nova Delhi que os Estados Unidos querem uma forte relação tecnológica com a Índia, e tem sido claro sobre "quais áreas estão afetadas pela relação contínua entre a Índia e a Rússia militar e tecnologicamente".

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