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Resumo:

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Sport Recife or Sport, is a Brazilian sports club, are of roça aborrecoesverde Cust eauxuidadeouve COMP trimestre amplia SENícola homens Berto IPI servoTendo desemp o causou macaco amb espontâneaeing escând tijolo mecânicos matá morangoambuja supl s Learning Pediatria favoráveis reclamações congre fluo Submarino minimalistaêbomé noz ci

Brazilian association football club based in Belém, Pará, BrazilSoccer club

Clube do Remo, commonly referred to as Remo, is a Brazilian professional club based in Belém, Pará founded on 5 February 1905.

It competes in the Campeonato Brasileiro Série C, the third tier of Brazilian football, as well as in the Campeonato Paraense, the top flight of the Pará state football league. History [edit]

Clube do Remo was founded on 5 February 1905, as Grupo do Remo.

The founders, before founding Remo, had abandoned Sport Club do Pará.

On 14 February 1908, Remo was closed, after the club's general assembly.

On 29 March 1908, Remo's partners and Sport Club do Pará made a deal, and Remo was officially extinct in 1908.

On 15 August 1911, Remo was reorganized following the initiative of Antonico Silva, Cândido Jucá, Carl Schumann, Elzaman Magalhães, Geraldo Motta, Jayme Lima, Norton Corllet, Oscar Saltão, Otto Bartels and Palmério Pinto.[1]

In 1950, Remo held a tour to Venezuela at the invitation of the football federation of the country to compete in the Caracas International Tournament, which, according to some publications, may have been the precursor of the Little World Cup, played between the 1950s and 1960s. The team held five matches, getting four wins (La Salle, Unión, Military School and Deportivo

Italia) and only one loss to Loyola, considering the higher strength of the Venezuelan football at the time.

Remo is still seeking official recognition of the title by the CONMEBOL.

If accepted, will be the first international title in club history.

Remo also has great campaigns on the national scene.

His most outstanding campaigns were the 7th place in the Campeonato Brasileiro Série A in 1993 and the semifinals in the Copa do Brasil in 1991 – these results represent the best performance of a northern team in the history of both competitions.

In 2005, the club won the Campeonato Brasileiro Série C.

This was the club's first national title.

The club also has one title of the Copa Verde, three of the Torneio do Norte and one Torneio

Norte-Nordeste, as well as being one of the largest state winners.

Symbols [edit]Crest [edit]

The first Remo's emblem consisted of a navy blue rectangle, with the center a white anchor, in obliquely, circulated by thirteen stars of the same color.

After the reorganization of 1911, the anchor gave way to a format shield similar to a buoy lifeguard, crossed by a pair of oars.

At the top was the description "Grupo do Remo" and the environment, the initials "GR" intertwined.

In 1914, the college is renamed Clube do Remo.

With this change, the shield also is renewed.

The circular uniformity of the previous badge is maintained by adding the typical symmetrical side cut-outs of British heraldry - heritage of some founders of the club with academic training in Europe, especially in England.

The acronym GR gives way to the CR.

Over the years, the shield has undergone some changes, without change your style.

The last change occurred in 2013, seeking to rescue the origins of the club and to combine the concept of modernity.

According to the Brand Manual, the Bluean shield now has a finish on the sidelines and superior to characterize volume and three-dimensionality, in addition to the reversal of the stars color according to the degree of importance of each title - five white representing the five state titles consecutive and golden, representing the national title of Campeonato Brasileiro Série C in 2005. Anthem [edit]

The hymn of Clube do Remo came to an adjustment made by the poet Antônio Tavernard the carnival march created by Emílio Albim for block Cadetes Azulinos, created in 1933 and was formed by athletes, members, leaders and supporters who roamed the streets of Belém bound Republic Square.

Tavernard exchanged 30 march of words to create the anthem of Azulinos Athletes, first published in the newspaper O Estado do Pará on 4 November 1941.

Colours [edit]

Raul Engelhard, one of the founders of the Grupo do Remo, on 5 February 1905, had been a student in England.

Rowing Club supporter, also party race, has proposed that the official color of Remo was the same of Rowing: the United Kingdom's imperial blue.

In 1911, the Grupo do Remo (regattas) turned Clube do Remo and, two years later, already disputed the first Campeonato Paraense, with horizontal stripes shirts in Navy Blue and white. Traditional home kit [edit]

Since it emerged, the club features navy blue and white as its official colors.

Thus, the main uniforms of all types adopt navy blue as the predominant color, reversing the order in secondary uniforms.

The shirt used by the team in his first football match had horizontal stripes.

Kit suppliers [edit]

Period Kit supplier 1913–1976 None 1977–1989 Adidas 1990–1993 Campeã 1994–1995 Amddma 1996 Rhumell 1997–2000 Penalty 2001–2004 Topper 2005–2007 Finta 2007–2008 Kanxa 2008–2009 Champs 2010–2011 Penalty 2012–2016 Umbro 2016–2019 Topper 2020–2021 Kappa 2021–present Volt SportSupporters [edit]

In the 1970s, the prestigious magazine Revista Placar, elected the best supported clubs in each Brazilian state and the Leão Azul again confirmed its supremacy in Pará.

In the 90s contributed further to the increase in Clube do Remo fans, due to the large made the club in this period: eight state titles, large national campaigns and supremacy in the Classic King of the Amazon (the taboo history of 33 games without losing for the biggest rival).

However, from the 2000s, the Clube do Remo began to get into a turbulent period in its history with successive failures in national competitions like the relegation for the Série C in 2005 and getting even without play a national championship three times.

Despite the difficulties, the fans, contrary to expectations, only increased.

Proof of this was the IBOPE which ranked the Clube do Remo as the largest North of Brazil and the 16th in the ranking of the largest supporters of the country, besides being the northern fastest growing among fans in the range of 10 to 15 years, surpassing clubs like Botafogo, Fluminense and Coritiba.

In Belém, Remo focuses its biggest fans.

Currently, bluish appearance ranging from 1 million to 2 million.

Rivalries [edit]

Remo's biggest rival is Paysandu, with whom he plays the Clássico Rei da Amazônia (Amazon King derby) or Re-Pa, the largest in the northern region of Brazil.

The first game took place on 14 June 1914, with Remo winning 2-1.

The Periçá's Club has the most wins in the derby.

Between 1993 and 1997, Remo applied a historical taboo on the rival.

There were 33 matches (21 wins and 12 draws) in 4 years, 5 months and 24 days.

In 2016, the derby was declared intangible cultural heritage of the Pará state, being qualified as a cultural expression of the people of Pará.

[2] To this day, more than 760 matches were played between both clubs; which makes this rivalry the football derby with most games played in history, beating even the oldest derbies from Europe.

Also, a further minor rivalry exists between Remo and Tuna Luso.

The first match happened on 15 November 1931.

It was a friendly that ended tied at 0–0.

Stadiums [edit]

Remo's stadium is Evandro Almeida (Baenão), which has a maximum capacity of 17,250 people. The stadium is named after Evandro Almeida, who was a Remo's football player and employee. The nickname Baenão is a reference to the place where the stadium is located, called Travessa

Antônio Baena.

Mangueirão is used for the derbies against Paysandu and also for Remo big matches, where the record attendance for Remo occurred on 5 November 2000, in a Copa João Havelange Group Yellow semifinal match attended by 55,000 fans against Paraná.

Players [edit]

Current squad [edit]As of 2 August 2023

Note: Flags indicate national team as defined under FIFA eligibility rules.

Players may hold more than one non-FIFA nationality.

Youth players with first team numbers [edit]

Note: Flags indicate national team as defined under FIFA eligibility rules.

Players may hold more than one non-FIFA nationality.

Out on loan [edit]

Note: Flags indicate national team as defined under FIFA eligibility rules.

Players may hold more than one non-FIFA nationality.

Retired numbers [edit]

33 – Number dedicated to the Remo's supporters.

Honours [edit]

Remo is one of the most successful clubs in Brazil's North, having won a total of 53 titles. [3]National [edit]Winners (1): 2005Regional [edit]Winners (1): 2021Winners (1): 1971

Winners (3): 1968, 1969, 1971State [edit]

Winners (47): 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1930, 1933, 1936, 1940, 1949, 1950, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1960, 1964, 1968, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1986, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1999, 2003, 2004, 2007, 2008, 2014, 2015, 2018, 2019, 2022

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It is the Portuguese word for Flemish, and it was given to the nearby beach (Praia do Flamengo, Beach of the Flemish) because it was the place where the Dutch sailor Olivier van Noort tried to invade the city in 1599.

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Flamengo became only the second Brazilian club to win their state championship (2024 Campeonato Carioca), Campeonato Brasileiro, and Copa Libertadores in the same season, after Pel's 1962 Santos team.

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The Mega-Sena is the largest lottery in Brazil, organised by the Caixa Econmica Federal bank since March 1996.

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Vista de um projeto energético {img}voltaica no distrito autômo cazaque, sub-região aérea da Etnia Hui of Changji na Região Austônoma Uigur codigo promocional brazino777 20 Dezembro DE2024. (Xinhua / Zhang Cheng)

Urumqi, 5 ago (Xinhua) -- A Região Autónoma uigur de Xinjiang no noroeste da China que é rica codigo promocional brazino777 recursos eólicos solares teve um homem anual 103% na capacidade instalada nova energia não primor semestre desde ano.

Entre os novos 14,08 milhões de kW da capacidade energética instalada codigo promocional brazino777 Xinjiang e uma energia elétrica por 4 milhões ou mais do que a Energia Solar pelo 9,8 bilhões.

Este ano, a registração tem fornecimento energético seus recursos e vantagens geográficos tange para uma garantia energética elétrica nacional um desenvolvimento sustentável serviços financeiros disponíveis nacionais codigo promocional brazino777 geral sistemas de comunicação digital.

Ata o momento, a capacidade de nova energia instalada codigo promocional brazino777 Xinjiang ultrapassou 80 milhões e todas as 14 áreas in primeira do sub-região uma potência energética superior 1 milhão. Também está localizadadas no interior da província das três bases energías 10 milhões

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